# Proportional directional spool valve type PSLF, PSVF, and SLF according to the Load-Sensing principle size 3 and 5 (manifold mounting)

# 1. General information

The directional spool valves types PSLF and PSVF as well as the individual sections type SLF serve to control both, the direction of movement and the load-independent, stepless velocity of the hydraulic consumers. In this way several consumers may be moved simultaneously, independently from each other at different velocity and pressure ratings, as long as the sum of the partial flows needed for this is within the total delivery supplied by the pump.

The proportional spool valves of this pamphlet are designed as manifold mounting valves. They may be also combined as valve banks via the sub-plates available from HAWE. They consist of three functional groups.

# Basic data

Design	Prop.	directional spool valve according to the
	Load-	Sensing principle
Versions	Individ	dual valves and valve banks
	(manif	fold mounting)
Operating pressure	p <sub>max</sub>	420 bar
Flow	Q <sub>max</sub>	80 (120) lpm (size 3)
	Q <sub>max</sub>	160 (240) lpm (size 5)

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# Further technical information:

Size	Design
2	Manifold mounting design
2	Valve bank design (CAN o
3	Valve bank design
5	Valve bank design
7	Manifold mounting design

# Mounting

- ① Inlet section(control section)
- 2 Size 5 (valve bank design)
- ③ End plate
- ④ Sub-plates



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onboard)

Pamphlet

D 7700-2

D 7700-3 D 7700-5

D 7700-7F

D 7700 CAN

D 7700-F Prop. directional spool valve PSLF, PSVF and SLF 2.1



(12)	Functional cut-	off (acc.	to table 1	17 and 18. sect. 3.2.1)		/5, /UNF 5		Size 5
0	(doesn't apply	to spool	l valve typ	bes without inflow controller,		/5 S		Size 5, with load signal pick-up from
	coding A1 <sup>®</sup> o	r table 1	3)					control signal port U (consumer port A)
	(no coding)	No fun	ctional cu	t-off		/53 533 534		Sub-plate size 5, prepared to accept
	F1	Electric	cal cut-off	, consumer port A		/UNF 534		valve sections size 3
	F 2	Electric	cal cut-off	, consumer port B		/58		Sub-plate size 5, for preselector
	г 3 FP 1 <i>(</i> 2,3)	Like F	1(2.3) how	wever with electro-proportio-				function
	11 1(2, 0)	nal pre	ssure limi	tation		/5 X, /UNF 5 X		Size 5, joint load signal pick-up via
	FPH 1(2, 3)	Like FF	9 1(2,3), h	owever with additional push-		/115 /1153		port X Sub-plate size 5 for mounting of
		button	for manu	al emergency actuation		/0 0, /0 00		ancillary blocks for valve bank design
	S, S 1	Externa	al hydrauli	c load signal pick-up from the				acc. to D 7700-5 or D 7700-3
		CONTROL	signai po mer port F	rt U (consumer port A) and W		/5 SAE		Sub-plate size 5, ports A and B with
		(CONSU		)				flange SAE 1" (6000 psi)
(13)	Types of actua	tion (acc	to table	19  and  20  soct  3.2.1		/5 SAE 5, /5 5	AE 8	Size 5, see /5 5 or /58, ports A, B with flance SAE 1" (6000 psi)
0		lion (acc	Manual a	ctuation		/6 D SAE		Size 5, double sub-plate,
	/E		Electro-h	ydraulic actuation				ports A, B with flange SAE 1 1/4"
	/EI		Like/E h	owever without stroke limita-				(6000 psi)
	/ <b></b> -		tion			/Z ANBN		Size 5, intermediate plate with shock
	/EA /E04		Electro-h	ydraulic and manual actuation				and suction valves
	/EUA		solenoid	(prepared for retrofitting)				
	/H, /F		Hydraulic	actuation	(15)	End plates (acc	c. to tabl	e 11, section 3.1.4)
	/H UNF, /F UN	F	Like /H, /	/F however with port thread		E I, E I SAE		externally to the tank (basic type)
			7/16-20	UNF-2B SAE-4 (conf.		E 2, E 2 SAE		Like E 1, with additional port Y for
			SAE J 51	4)				connection to the LS-port of a fur-
	/пА, /ГА		actuation	c, (solenoid) and manual				ther, separately located PSV spool
	/HA UNF, /FA	UNF	Like /HA	A, /FA however with port				valve (total number of the sequential
			thread 7/	16-20 UNF-2B SAE-4 (conf.		F 3		like E 1 with additional 3/2-way
			SAE J 51	4)		20		directional solenoid valve for arbitra-
	/HEA, /FEA		Hydraulic	and electric actuation				ry shut-off of pump circulation during
	/HEA UNF, /FI		thread 7/	A, /FEA nowever with port				idle position of the valve spools
			SAE J 51	4)		E 4, E 4 SAE		Like E 1, however internal control oil
	/C, /AR		Detent (s	tepless), 3-step detent		E 5. E 5 SAE		Like F 2 however internal control oil
	/E0C, /E0AR		Like /C, /	AR however without actuati-		_ 0, _ 0 0		return, max. pressure 10 bar!
			on solend	bid (prepared for retrofitting)		E 6		Like E 3, however internal control oil
	/En, /EAN /P		Pneumat	ic actuation				return, max. pressure 10 bar!
	/PA		Pneumat	ic and manual actuation		E 7, E 8, E 9, E	: 10	Like E 1, E 2, E 4 or E 5 but with
	/ Suffix	1		without hand lever		7PI 53 7PI 5	SAF 3	Adapter plates enabling direct moun-
		2		short lever			0/12 0	ting of directional spool valves size 5
		G N N1		Proximity switch				and 3
		V.VA.	VB. VC.	Contact switch monitoring				
		VCHO,	VCHC	the spool elevation	16	Solenoid voltag	ge and v	ersion (acc. to table 10, sect. 3.1.3)
		WA, W	A-EX	Position sensor		G 12	12V DC	C, connection conf. EN 175 301-803 A
		U		Lift monitoring		G 24	24V DC	C, connection conf. EN 175 301-803 A
				(side indication)		G 24 EX	24V DO ATEX	, explosion-proof version, acc. to
						G 24 EX 70	24V D0	C, explosion-proof version, acc. to
(14)	Sub-plate for t	the indiv	idual valv	ve section (acc. to table 21,			ATEX (	ambient temperature 70°C)
	/3. /4.		Size 3			G 24 MSHA	24V D0	C, explosion-proof version, acc. to
	/UNF 3, /UNF 4	4	0.20 0			G 24 EV		Complexion preefversion
	/3 X, /4 X,		Size3, jo	int load signal pick-up		G 24 TEX 70	24V DC 24V DC	C. explosion-proof version
	/UNF 3 X, /UN	F 4 W	via port	X			(ambie	nt temperature 70°C)
	/38		Sub-pla	te size 3 for preselector		G 24 MSHA	24V D0	C, fire-damp protected (mining)
	/3 AN., BN.,		Size 3. s	hock and suction valves at A		G 24 M2FP	24V D0	C, fire-damp protected (mining)
	/UNF 3 AN B	N	and B	together with pressure		G 12 IS	(Austra 12V/DV	llia) C explosion-proof version fire-damp
			specifica	ation		5 12 15	protect	ted (mining), intrinsically safe acc. to
	/3 AN, /3 BN.	-,	Size 3, s	hock and suction valves at A			ATEX (	I M2 Ex d ib l)
	/UNF 3 AN,		or B toge	etner with pressure		AMP 12 K 4	12V D0	C, connection via AMP Junior Timer
	/3 AB		Size 3	hock valve at A and B		AMP 24 K 4	24V D0	C, connection via AMP Junior Timer
			together	with pressure specification		5 12 S 24	12V DC	, electr. connection via quarter turn plug
	/3 A, /3 B		Size 3, s	hock valve at A or B		DT 12	12V D(	C electr. connection via quarter turn plug
	(11.0		together	with pressure specification			Co. DE	UTSCH
	/03		Sub-pla	te size 3, for mounting of		DT 24	24V D0	C electr. connection via plug
			ancillary				Co. DE	UTSCH

design acc. to D 7700-3

#### Available versions, main data 3.

#### 3.1 Inlet section (control section)

There are two basic variations of connection blocks:

- Connection blocks with integrated 3-way flow controller, suitable for a fixed pump system (open-center) -type PSLF (see sect. 3.1.1)
- Connection blocks suited for a variable displacement pump system (closed center), a constant pressure systems, or if a second or more separately located directional spool valve banks are fed in parallel - type PSVF (see sect. 3.1.2).

- 3

Table 2:

Order coding for an inlet section as individual section (examples): (Attention: Size specification absolutely necessary - 3 or -5)

PSLF A1 F/250 - 3 - G 24 PSVF A2/300 - 5

#### 3.1.1 Inlet sections for fixed pump systems (with integrated 3-way flow controller) type PSLF

PSLF A 1F/300 /4 - 3 -...-E1 - G 24 (valve bank) **PSLF AH**1F/300 Table 2

- G 24 (individual section)

Table 1 Table 10

Table 1: Basic type and size

Order examples:

Coding and size	Descrip- tion	Max. pump delivery flow (lpm)
PSLF A3	Individual	approx. 100
PSLF A5	section	approx. 350

Type PSLF...-5 can be converted any time for use with variable displacement pumps (similar to type PSVF AS ..- 5), see sect. 6.3.3.

**Table 3:** Coding of the sub-plate for the inlet sections

Coding	Size	Ports ISO 228/1 (BSPP) or SAE 514 J P and R LS, M, T and Z	
/4	3	G 3/4	G 1/4
/UNF 4	3	1 1/16-12 UN-2B	7/16-20 UNF-2B
/6	5	G 1 1/4	G 1/4
/UNF 6	5	1 5/8-12 UN-2B	7/16-20 UNF-2B
/7 SAE	5	SAE 1 1/2" (6000 psi)	G 1/4
Note:	Sub-plates with SAE-flange must not be com-		

bined with sub-plates featuring tapped ports (e.g. /5 S)

# Symbols

Basic type and additional elements (acc. to table 1 and 2)



PSLF A(H)../..-5



Sub-plates (acc. to table 3)

R





PSLF A../../6-5 PSLF A../../7 SAE-5



PSLF AG../..-3 PSLF AG../..-5

Additional elements (acc. to table 2) These additional elements are illustrated in flow pattern symbols of size 3, they do apply to size 5 in the same way.



Coding for additional elements for notes and

#### 3.1.2 Inlet sections for variable displacement pump systems / constant pressure system or for a second and all other separately parallel connected directional spool valve banks type PSVF PSVF A 1F/300 /6 - 5 -...-E1 - G 24 (valve bank) Order examples: PSVF A B/250 - 3 (individual section) Nom. voltage acc. to table 10 Sub-plate acc. to table 3, sect. 3.1.1 Table 4: Basic type and size Table 5: Code letter for features within the LS-signal duct for the damping of pump flow controllers (for notes and Coding and Descrip-Max. pump delivery flow explanation, see sect. 6.1 a) tion size (lpm) Additional features only suitable where variable displacement pumps are used (limitation of the control PSVF A ..-3 approx. 100 Individual oil flow). Observe note at table 8! **PSVF A** ..-5 section approx. 350 Coding Description Type PSLF...-5 can be converted any time for use with no coding Standard, without additional element variable displacement pumps (similar to type PSVF AS..-5), see sect. 6.3.3. With integrated combination of orifice, check S valve, pre-load valve (pre-load pressure approx. 25 bar) like standard element of type PSLF W Like S, but with increased throttle effect With orifice $\varnothing$ 0.8 mm within LS-duct (limiting the

# Symbols

Basic type (acc. to table 5)

# Sub-plates (acc. to table 3)



PSVF A../4-3 PSVF A../UNF 4-3



В

B4, B5,

B6, B7

ΜL

R

control oil flow)

within LS-duct

With orifice Ø 0.4 mm, 0.5 mm, 0.6 mm or 0.7 mm

Additional elements (acc. to table 5) These additional elements are illustrated

in flow pattern symbols of size 3, they do apply to size 5 in the same way.

PSVF A../6-5 PSVF A../7 SAE-5



PSVF AS...-5



PSVF AB...-3 PSVF AB...-5

PSVF A../..-3

£ M

PSVF A../..-5

r∏M

#### 3.1.3 Additional elements for the inlet sections



Table 7: Coding for control oil supply (for symbol, see sect. 3.1.1 and 3.1.2)

Coding	Description
no coding	Without pressure reducing valve for actuation cod- ing A, C or P acc. to sect. 3.2, table 18 or in the case of external control oil supply (20-40 bar) for other actuations
1	With integrated pressure reducing valve for internal control oil supply for actuations coding H (HA, HEA, F, FA, FEA) and E(EA) or as pick-up for other control valves (max. permissible control oil flow
2	approx. 2 lpm) Control pressure: Coding 1: approx. 20 bar (+ return pressure at R) Coding 2: approx. 40 bar (+ return pressure at R)

Table 8:	Arbitrary idle pump circulation of all consumers by
	means of 2/2-way solenoid valve type WN 1 acc. to
	D 7470 A/1.
	2/2-way solenoid value type EM 21 DE (DSE) acc. to

plenoid valve type EM 21 DE (DSE) acc. to 2/2-wav D 7490/1 E for prop. pressure limitation only.

Coding	Description
no coding	If not required
F	With WN 1 F, idle pump circulation if valve is de- energized (emergency stop)
D	With WN 1 D, idle pump circulation if valve is energized
F or D	With pressure limiting valve, which can be activated as a second pressure stage (specify pressure in bar) (pre-set pressure, tool adjustable from 50 to 400 bar). Example: PSLF A 1 F100/350-3 De-energized $p_{max} = 100$ bar Energized $p_{max} = 350$ bar

Table 9: Tool adjustable pressure limiting valve for the main pressure.

Adjustable from 50 up to 400 bar, after loosening the lock-nut (for symbol, see sect. 3.1.1 and 3.1.2).

Coding	Description	
no coding	Version without pressure limiting valve (only type PSVF)	
/	With pressure limiting valve at PSLF and PSVF (pressure specification in bar)	
	Non piloted: PSL(V)F 3 Piloted: PSL(V)F 5	

Note:	To limit the control oil flow, when using the idle pump
	circulation with type PSV an additional element coding S,
	W or B 4, B 5, B 6 acc. to table 5 is required.

Attention: Observe note in sect. 6.1 a !

Coding	Description
PA, PB, PD	Prop. pressure limiting valve enabling variable adjustment of the system pressure; Pressure range: PA 100320 bar, PB 15250 bar, PD 18400 bar
z	Prop. pressure limiting valve type EM 21 DSE, open when deenergized
ZM	Like Z, but with lead sealed wing screw for emer- gency operation
V	Prop. pressure limiting valve type EM 21 DE, closed when deenergized
X	Additional LS pressure limitation (50400 bar) Not suited to compensate pressure peaks on the consumer side.

These additional elements are illustrated in flow pattern symbols of size 3,

# Symbols



PSLF A 1(2)./...-3(5) PSVF A 1(2)./...-3(5)









PSL(V)F A..D..



PSL(V)F A..X

Table 10: Solenoid	voltage and version
Coding	Description
G 12 . G 24T	Electr. connection conf. EN 175 301-803 A, via plug (MSD 3-309) Suffix: Applies only to the solenoid actuation coding E, EA, HEA, FEA (table 20) and the functional cut-off (coding F, FP, table 17), see also sect. 4.3
L without T TH H 4	Actuation solenoid 3-pin (standard) Manual emergancy actuation (standard with functional cut-off F., FP., acc. to table 17) Manual emergancy actuation with pushbutton (standard with functional cut-off FPH., FP., acc. to table 17) 4-pin actuation solenoid (only 24V DC)
G 24 C 4	Electr. connection conf. EN 175 301-803 C, via plug (MSD 6-209), 4-pin actuation solenoid
X 12 . X 24 .	Electr. connection conf. EN 175 301-803 A, without plug. For options, see coding G
S 12. S 24 T	Electr. connection via quarter turn type plug (Bayonet PA 6 ®, Co. SCHLEMMER D-85586 Poing, suited for taper with bayonet 10 SL), 3-pin actuation solenoid
T	Manual emergency actuation (standard with functional cut-off FP., table 17)
AMP 12 K 4 AMP 24 K 4	Vertical connection via plug AMP Junior Timer, solenoid features 4 terminals
AMP 24 H 4 T	Lateral connection via plug AMP Junior Timer, solenoid features 4 terminals and manual emergency actuation
DT 12 DT 24	Connection via plug Co. DEUTSCH DT 04-4P, suited for socket DT 06-4S
G 24 EX G 24 EX-10 m	For use in areas with explosion hazardous atmosphere. Suited for category 2 and 3, zone 1, 21, 2, 22. Protection class EEx m II 120° (T4), with cable length 3 m (no coding) or 10 m
EX TEX EX4 TEX4	<ul> <li>3-pin actuation solenoid</li> <li>3-pin actuation solenoid with manual emergency actuation</li> <li>4-pin actuation solenoid</li> <li>4-pin actuation solenoid with manual emergency actuation</li> </ul>
G 24 TEX 70 G 24 TEX 70-10 m	Like G 24 EX , but for ambient temperature < 70°C
G 12 IS G 12 IS-10 m	For use in mines and its on-surface systems, which can be endangered by fire damp and/or combustible dust. Protection class I M2 Ex d ib I (fire-damp protected), with cable length 5 m (no coding) or 10 m
G 24 MSHA G 24 MSHA-10 m	For use in mines and its on-surface systems, where a ATEX (EU), IEC, MSHA (USA) or MA (China) approval is mandatory. Protection class I M2 Ex d I (fire-damp protected), with cable length 5 m (no coding) or 10 m
G 24 M2FP G 24 M2FP-10 m	For use in mines and its on-surface systems, where a IEC or ANZE (Australia) approval is mandatory. Protection class I M2 Ex d I (fire-damp protected), with cable length 5 m (no coding) or 10 m
Note: Soleno Coding (table 1 Coding	ids of explosion-proof design are only available for actuation E, EA or HE (A) (table 20). g G 24 C4 (X 24 C4) is only available for solenoids of the electrical actuation (table 20) emergency actuation. g AMP, DT not available for idle circulation valves coding D, F, PA, PB, PD (table 8), end plates E 3, E 6 [1], intermediate plates /ZDS, /ZDR (table 19a), functional cut-off coding F. (table 17) g S.: Not available for functional cut-off coding F. (table 17) and comparator coding U (table 21)

# 3.1.4 End plates of valve bank

Order example: PSLF A1 F100/380/6 - 5 -... - E1 - G 24

Table 11: End plates

End p	late	Description
External port T (separate return pipe	Internal control oil return gal- lery	Order coding of an end plate as separate part (example): SLF 5 - E 1 SLF 3 - E 6 - G 24
to the tank)	-	(State the size: SLF3- or -SLF5- !)
E 1 E 1 SAE	E 4 E 4 SAE	Standard end plate
E 2 E 2 SAE	E 5 E 5 SAE	With additional inlet port Y e.g. for connecting the LS-control pipe of a subsequent PSVF spool valve bank.
E3	E 6	Possibility for arbitrary shut-off of the idle pump circulation by means of a directly mounted 3/2-way direct. seated valve WN 1 H acc. to D 7470 A/1 (only size 3)
E7	E 9	Like E 1/E 4, but with additional return port R (only size 3)
E 8	E10	Like E 2/E 5, but with additional return port R (only size 3)
ZPL 53 ZPL 5 SAE 3		Adapter plate to continue a prop. directional valve bank size 5 with sections of size 3. As separate part: <b>SLF 5-ZPL 53</b>
Note:      Th     use     be	e internal c ed only in sy low 10 bar.	ontrol oil return gallery is to be stems where the return pressure is

 End plates E.SAE in combination with sub-plates /..SAE (only size 5) or adapter plate ZPL 5 SAE 3 as conversion from sub-plates /.SAE size 5 to size 3

# Symbols





# 3.2 Valve sections

# 3.2.1 Directional spool valve (individual valve)

		-			
Order examples:	(valve bank) PSLF A1	F/320/4 - <b>3 - A2 L</b>	63/40 I	F1 /EA /3 AN3	<b>20 BN320 -</b> E1 - G 24
	(individual section)	SLF <b>5 - A5 J</b>	160/160 C250	/EA - G 24	
Note: Size speci The valve e.g. if a d becomes i	fication is absolutely necessary spools are subsequently interch ifferent flow rating than initiall necessary (see sect. 6.3.4)	Size ! angeable, y planned		Table 19 Table 17 Table 17 Table 16 Table 15 Table 14	Sect. 3.2.2

# Table 13: Spool valve, basic version

Coding	Description					
A 2	<b>Standard,</b> with inflow controller, for simultaneous load compensated moving of several consumers (3/3-, 4/3-way spool valve, standard type)					
A 1	Without inflow controller intended for singly / successively actuated functions. Additional functions on the consumer side are not possible. For the max. consumer flow of the individual section, acc. to table 15 and sect. 6.1 b)					
A 5	With inflow controller (for symbol, see coding A 2) but with reinforced spring at the 2-way flow controller (control pres- sure approx. 9 bar). Only usable in conjunction with connection block type PSLF AH/3- or type PSVF with variable displacement pump / constant pressure system. (See note sect. 6.1 a and b)					
Α7	With inflow controller (like coding A 2) but enforced 2-way controller spring (control pressure approx. 13 bar). Only avail-able in combination with connection block type PSVF and variable displacement pump/constant pressure system. (See note in sect. 6.1 b)					
A 26 A 56	Only size 3: With inflow controller coding A 2 or A 5, and additional rebound damping; Especially suited for oscillation inducing consumers (e.g. hydraulic motors with a low number of pistons)					
A 8	4/3-way directional spool valve, Makes only sense with flow pattern symbol L and H and maximum flow. Only usable in conjunction with connection block type PSLF.H./ or type PSVF with variable displacement pump / constant pressure system. (see note sect. 6.1 b)					
AR 2, AR 5, AR 7	Like coding A 2, A 5, A 7, but with additional check valve functionality (spool valve = slight leakage), (see note sect. 6.1 b) Only usable in conjunction with connection block type PSLF.H./ or type PSVF with variable displacement pump / constant pressure system.					
AX	Blanking plate					
AA 9	<ul> <li>With inflow controller (for symbol, see coding A 2), but with enforced spring for the 2-way flow controller (increased circulation pressure approx. 18 bar).</li> <li>Only suited for connection block type PSVF in combination with varaible pump / constant pressure systems.</li> <li>Attention: Observe note in sect. 6.1 b!</li> <li>Only available for size 5, cannot be retrofitted!</li> <li>Available as individual valve coding SLF 5-AA9 or in combination with sub-plate coding /5 SAE, 5 SAE S, /6 D SAE 9, /6 D SAE 9 S</li> </ul>					

# Table 14: Symbols

L	М	F	Н	J	В	R	0	G

J, B, R, O, I, Y, Z, V	Valve spool with return throttling to assist oscillation dampening, see sect. 6.1 c
G	3/3-way spool valve, observe note in sect. 6.1 c
w	4/2-way spool valve, observe note in sect. 6.1 c
A, K, P, Q, T	Valve spool with positive overlapping, see sect. 6.1 c, only size 3
HW, OW	Valve spool with wider fitting to prevent spool sticking - intended for contamination prone systems
x	2/2-way directional spool valve for hydraulic motors, see sect. 6.1 e, only size 3

# **Table 15:** Max. flow $P \rightarrow A(B)$ acc. to the coding

			,			Ŭ					
Valve sp acc. to t	ool coding able 12	Flow at co	Flow coding Q <sub>A, B</sub> (lpm) at consumer port A and B								
Coding	Size	3	6	10	16	25	40	63	80	120	160
A 2	3	3	6	10	16	25	40	63	80		
A2	5				16	25	40	63	80	120	160
	3	4	9	14	22	34	54	85	107		
A 1, A 8	5				20	32	51	80	110	150	210
		other Q <sub>rating</sub> ∆p <sub>con</sub> Exam	otherwise as guide line $Q_{A, B} \approx Q_{nom} \cdot \sqrt{0.2 \cdot \Delta p_{controller}}$ $Q_{rating}$ - flow for coding A 2; $\Delta p_{controller}$ stand-by pressure of the flow controller of the pump Example (size 3): $Q_{rating} = 25 \text{ lpm}, \Delta p_{controller} = 14 \text{ bar};$ $Q_{A, B} \approx 42 \text{ lpm}$								
A 5	3	4	9	14	22	34	54	85	107		
	5				20	32	51	80	110	150	210
Δ7	3	5	10	14	24	37	59	93	118		
	5				23	37	60	95	130	175	240
AA 9	5				(30)	(47)	(75)	(118)	150	225	300
Note:	The flow r e.g. 63/40 consume the possil	ate for 0, 40/8 r while bility o	the co 80. Th explo f mec	onsum nis pro hiting th hanica	er port vides ne full f I strok	s A ano optima unctio e limita	d B ca al ada nal sp ation.	n be in ptation ool lift.	dividua i to the In add	Ily seled respe ition the	cted, ctive ere is

Table 16:LS-pressure limiting valves, only available with spool<br/>valves featuring an inflow controller, coding A 2, A 5<br/>and A 7 (acc. to table 13!). These are no shock valves!

Table 17:	Functional cut-off or prop. pressure limitation (only
	available with spool valves with inflow controller coding A 2, A 5 and A 7 acc. to table 13!)
r	

Coding	Description			
no coding	Without pressure limitation			
A	Pressure limitation at A with pressure specification			
В	Pressure limitation at B with pressure specification			
AB	Pressure limitation at A and B with pressure specification			
C Common pressure limitation for A and B with pressure specification				
Pressure lir Example: S	Pressure limitation $p_{min} = 50$ bar; $p_{max} = 420$ bar Example: SLF 3-A 2 H63/40 <b>A250 B200</b> /A			

Table 18: Co	mbination	possibilities	for	additional	functions
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Pressure	Functional cut-off					
innitation	no coding S1		F 1, F 2, F 3, S 1 FP 1, FP 2, FP 3 FPH 1, FPH 2, FPH 3			
no coding	•	٠	•			
A or B A and B	•	•	•			
С	•					

The signal ports are apparent as standard (see flow pattern symbols on page 11) in combination with coding A., B., A.B.. (acc. to table 16) and F.1 (2,3), S1 (table 17)

Coding	Description
no coding	Without functional cut-off
F 1, F 2	Electric functional cut-off at A or B
F 3	Electric functional cut-off at A and B
FP 1, FP 2, FP 3 FPH 1, FPH 2, FPH 3	Prop. pressure limitation for A and/or B Version FPH. with additional emergency actuation (no tools needed)
S	Only size 5: flange sided load signal ports U and W (G 1/8 (BSPP)) for external piping, e.g. in combination with sub-plate /5 S, see sect. 3.2.2 table 21; Example: SLF 5-A 2 H 160/80 S/5 S
	The signal ports are apparent as standard (see flow pattern symbols on page 11) in combination with coding A, B, AB (acc. to table 15 and 17) and F.1(2, 3), S1 (table 16 and 17)
S 1	Load signal ports U and W (G 1/8 (BSPP)) for external piping; tapped ports at valve section
<ul> <li>There remains a revelected. When the pressure will be: pressure of t Coding F., FP.: Coding S, S 1, (X):</li> <li>One joint LS-port X sional drawings, see</li> <li>Size 5: combination G 24 MSHA or G 12</li> <li>Coding F., FP not G 12 IS</li> </ul>	esidual pressure when the LS gallery is return line is depressurized the residual relieved = $\Delta p_{block} + \Delta p_{controller}$ ( $\Delta p_{controller} =$ he inflow controller acc. to table 13) $\Delta p_{block} = 10$ bar $\Delta p_{block} = 5$ bar is standard on the flange side (see dimen- tt. 5) s of coding F1, FP or S 1 and solenoids IS are not available! t available with solenoids G 24 EX 70 and



1) Ports U and W on the flange side only with size 5, see description in table 17, coding S

Nomenclature		Manual actu	uation	Electro-hydra actuation	aulic	Hydraulic	Pneumatic actuation		
-		Spring return	Detent	electro- hydraulic	Combination with manual actuation	hydraulic	Combination with manual actuation	Combination with solenoid and manual actuation	
Coding	BG 3	A E0A	C E0C	E El	EA EAR	F F UNF	FA FA UNF	FEA FEA UNF	P PA
	BG 5		AR E0AR	ER		H H UNF	HA, FA HA UNF	HEA, FEA HEA UNF	
Symbol							• • • <sup>2</sup> 		
Manipulated Actuation variables min. appro- max. appro-		ngle x. 5° x. 30°	Control current ratio I/I <sub>N</sub> min. approx. 0.2 max. approx. 1		Control pressure min. approx. 5 bar max. approx. 18 bar max. perm. 50 bar			Control press. min. approx. 2.5 bar max. approx. 7 ba	

Type E0A, E0C, E0AR prepared for retrofitting of a solenoid actuation
Type AR, ER, and EAR with detent in end position, stroke limitation not possible
Type EI - Version without stroke limitation

Type EM and EAM: Version with pressure gauge ports at the actuation heads
Type A 8: Actuation torque like with EA. Type E 9, E 9 A: Actuation torque like with H, HA

Type of actuation / coding	Suffix	Description	Example	Symbol	s
A, EA, HA, PA, C	1	Manual actuation without hand lever. For dimensions, see sect. 5.1.3 and 5.2.3	EA 1, C 1	<b>1</b> ⊤	1
A, EA, HA, PA, C	2	Manual actuation with short hand lever. For dimensions, see sect. 5.1.3 and 5.2.3	EA 2, A 2	Ш	¢
A, EA, HA, C	V VA VB VC VCHO VCHO	<ul> <li>Mechanical micro switch (size 3 only), for monitoring the spool's idle position, (for data of the switch, see page 22)</li> <li>V - Signal with start of movement, direction A or B (no side indication)</li> <li>VA - Signal with start of movement, direction A</li> <li>VB - Signal with start of movement, direction B</li> <li>VC - Signal with start of movement, direction A and B (separate side indication)</li> <li>VCHO - Signal with start of movement, direction A and B separate (2xNO-contact)</li> <li>VCHC - Signal with start of movement, direction A and B separate (2xNC-contact)</li> </ul>	EA VA, A 1 VB, C VC	VB	
A, EA, C	N, N1	Proximity switch (size 3 only), for monitoring the spool's idle position (no side indication), for data, see page 23 Type N1- only mechanical setup: Proximity switch is customer furnished (8x8x33 mm central sensor area).	EA N, A 1 N 1	WA	
A, EA, C, PA, H, HA, F, FA	WA WA-EX WA-M2FP	Integrated position sensor (Hall-sensor) with analogous signal output (lift monitoring) Coding WA-EX, version for explosion hazardous areas Coding WA-M2 FP, version with fire-damp protection (mining)	EA WA, A 1 WA		
A, EA, C, PA, H, HA, F, FA	U	Integrated spool monitoring for side indication (comparator, triggered signal: ON / OFF)	EAU		
A, C, E, E0A	G	Only size 3: Reinforced version of the spring cover, suitable if high pressure surges are expected in the gallery T.	E 1 G, CG, A 1 G		

2 F

VA

Ŧ

vc

1 1 

# Table 20: Additional features for actuations

# 3.2.2 Sub-plates

Order example: PSLF A1 F/320/4-3-A2 L 63/40 A300 F1/EA /3 AN320 BN320 - E1 - G 24

PSVF A2/300/5-5-A2 J 160/120/EA

/Z AN300 BN280/5 - E4 - G 24

Table 21:	Sub-plates
-----------	------------

Coding	Port size for A and B		Size	Description
	ISO 228/1 (BSPP)	SAE J 514		
/3, /UNF 3	G 1/2	7/8-14 UNF-2B	3	Standard
/38	G 1/2		3	Sub-plate for pre-selector valve type SLF 3-A 8
/4, /UNF 4	G 3/4	1 1/16-12 UNF-2B	3	Standard
/5	G 1		5	Standard
/3 AN BN /3 AN /3 BN /UNF 3 AN BN /UNF 3 AN /UNF 3 BN	G 1/2	7/8-14 UNF-2B	3	Shock and suction valves at A and B or A or B (state pressure in bar)
/3 A B /3 A /3 B	G 1/2		3	Shock valves at A and B or A or B (state pressure in bar)
/5 S	G 1		5	Load signal pick-up ports U and W (G 1/4 (BSPP)) for external circuitry
/53, /533	G 1/2		F	Sub-plate for valve section size 3 in a valve bank size 5
/534, /UNF 534	G 3/4	1 1/16-12 UNF-2B	5	(saving an intermediate plate)
/58	G 1		5	Sub-plate for pre-selector valve type SLF 5-A 8
/3 X, /UNF 3 X, /UNF 4 W	G 1/2	7/8-14 UNF-2B (1 1/16-12 UNF-2B)	3	- Joint load signal pick-up port X for external circuitry
/4 X	G 3/4		3	boint load signal plot up port A for external circuity
/5 X, /UNF 5 X	G 1	1 5/16-12 UNF-2B	5	
/5 SAE, /5 SAE S, /5 SAE 8	SAE 1"	(6000 psi)	5	Sub-plate with SAE-flange, analogue /5, /5 S and /58
/6 D SAE (S) 1)	045444	1" (COOO = = ``	_	Sub-plate with SAE-flange for combination of two valve
/6 D SAE 9 (S)	SAE 1 1/2	+" (ουυυ psi)	5	max. 400 lpm
/U 3			3	Sub-plate for mounting ancillary blocks with additional func-
/U 5			5	tions, acc. to table 21a (size 3) and table 21 b (size 5)
/U 53			5	Like /533, but prepared for mounting ancillary blocks with additional functions, acc. to table 21a (size 3)
/Z ANBN			5	Intermediate plate with shock and suction valves

Note: Sub-plate with SAE-flange must not be combined with sub-plates (tapped ports) e.g. /5 S.

1) Discontinued, do not use for new designs!

Symbols



<sup>1</sup>) Gauge ports a and b only with coding /4, /4 X, /5, /UNF 5 Gauge ports MA and MB only with coding /UNF 534 and /UNF 5 X

2) Port X only with /5 SAE S

# Table 21a: Ancillary blocks size 3 Port size: /3.. = G 1/2 (BSPP), /4.. = G 3/4 (BSPP), /UNF 3.. = 7/8-14 UNF-2B (SAE-10), /UNF 4.. = 1 1/16 UNF/2B (SAE/12) Order example: PSLF A1 F/320/4-3-A2 L 63/40 A300 F1/EA/U3/3 AL-6-A 7/200 - E1 - G 24

Coding	Brief des	cription	Symbols	]	Coding	Brief description	Symbols
Coding	Driel des		Symbols				
/3 /UNF 3 /4	functions	additional			/43 DFA	For regenerative circuit piston side connected at A (type /43 DFA) or	
/3 AS BS /31 AS BS /UNF 3 AS BS /4 AS BS	With sho at A and to the side), wit specificat	ock valves B (routed opposing h pressure tion (bar)			/43 DFB	piston side connected at B (type /43 DFB) <b>Note:</b> Not suitable for the use with dragging	
/3 AN BN /31 AN BN /UNF 3 AN BN /4 AN BN	With sh suction v and B, v sure spe (bar)	ock and alves at A vith pres- ecification			/3 VV /UNF 3 VV	loads! With shut-off val- ves EM 32 V acc. to D 7490/1 (one or both sides) blocking the	
/4 AN BN /UNF 3 AN BN	With shoo tion valve	ck and suc- es at A or B	A B		/3 VX /UNF 3 VX	consumer with zero leakage (Q <sub>max</sub> approx. 80 lpm)	
/4 AN	With sh suction v or B, with	ock and alves at A pressure			/3 XV /UNF 3 XV		
/4 BN				b   	/3 DRH /UNF 3 DRH	Releasable check valves in A and B (release ratio 1: 2.5) For additional version with pre-relieve co-	
/3 AL /3 BL /3 AL BL /3 AC BC	With over-center valves at A and/or B. Type /3 AC BC load independent version (for data, see D 7918, type LHT 3) (For more details, see D 7918 type LHT 3)					ding /3 DRH VV, see D 6110 type DRH 3	
- 6 - <u>A 7</u> - 2	250 Draces	o ootting /h	Cr)				
			ai)				
		A7 B7		7			
	(lpm)	130 85	55 35 20 10	D			
Bypass-throttle D	2	•					
Coding 0	4	5	6 7 8				
(Ø mm) plug	iged 0.4	0.5	0.6 0.7 0.8 (std.)				
Release ratio 1:7	1:4.	96 1:3.5	1:2.28 1:1.28 1:0.	93			

# to table 21 a

Intermediate plates for parallel connection							
/ZDR /ZDS	Intermediate plate with short-circuit valve between A and B (floating function) for volumetric interchange $Q_{max} = 20$ lpm	A B					
/ZDRH	Releasable check val- ves in A and B (release ratio 1:2.5) For additional version with pre-relieve coding /ZDRH VV, see D 6110 type DRH 3						
/ZAL BL	With over-center val- ves at A and B. For co- dings, see /3 AL BL or pamphlet D 7918 type LHT 3)						
/Z 40 /Z 40 M /Z 40 M UNF	Spacer plate 40 mm to compensate height differences between differing ancillary blocks or to prevent collisions of neighboring ancillary blocks when combined with other intermediate plates	A B /Z 40 M /Z 40 M UNF A B a 					
/Z AN BN	With suction valves at A and B	A B					

D 7700-F page 17

Table 21b:	Ancillar Port siz	y block: e: <b>/5</b> = xample	s size 5 = G 1, <b>/.4</b> :: PSVF A	= G 3	/4, <b>/UNF</b> 5-5-A2 J	<b>5</b> = 160/1	1 5/16 20/EA	6-12 UNF 4 <b>/U 5/5</b>	-2B	(SAE-16) - E4 - G 24		
Coding		Brief	descripti	on		Sym	ools		] [	Coding	Brief description	Symbols
/5 /UNF 5		Witho functi	out additi ons	onal				-	/54 DFA	For regenerative circuit piston side connected at A (type /54 DFA) or piston side con- nected at B (type		
/5 AS B /UNF 5 AS	S S BS	With s and E specif	shock va 3, with <sub>1</sub> fication (	lves at <i>i</i> pressur bar)					-	/54 DFB	/54 DFB) Note: Not suitable for the use with dragging loads!	
/4 ASN E	3SN	With shock valves at A and B (routed to the opposing side), with pressure specifica-					-	/5 VV /UNF 5 VV	With shut-off val- ves EM 42 V acc. to D 7490/1 (one or both sides) blocking the con- sumer with zero			
/5 AN BN /UNF 5 AN	N N BN	With shock and suc- tion valves at A or B, with pressure specifi-							-	/5 VX /UNF 5 VX	leakage (Q <sub>max</sub> approx. 160 lpm)	
/5 AN		With shock and suc- tion valves at A and B,					-	/5 XV /UNF 5 XV				
		with pressure specifi- cation (bar)					-	/5 DRH /UNF 5 DRH	Releasable check valves in A and B (releaseratio1:2.5) For additional	B └C◇◇ └T		
/5 BN											version with pre- relieve coding /5 DRH VV, see D 6110 type DRH 5	
/5 R VV		With type D 749 custo	by-pas EM 22 00/1 for a mer relie	s valv V acc. arbitrary eve.	es to			B		/54 DEA	With switch able regenerative cir- cuit functionality via 2/2-way valve	A - B
/5 AL /5 BL		Note: Q <sub>max</sub> = 40 lpm With over-center val- ves at A and/or B. (For more details, see D 7918 type LHT 5)					-	754 DEB	type EM 41 S			
*		J			I					Intermediate	plates for parallel c	onnection
- 6 - <u>A</u>	<b>6</b> - 250 -		-		<i>"</i>					/Z 30	Spacer plate 30 mm	
		-lov: //	Pressur	e settin	y (par)						height differences	
		Codine		B6	<b>C</b> 6	D6	E 6	F 6			between differing ancillary blocks or	
	-	(lpm)	250	200	150	100	50	25			to prevent collisi-	
ypass-thro	ottle D2			ıl	I						ancillary blocks	
Coding	0	0         4         5         0           plugged         0.4         0.5         0		6	) 7 8				when complined with other interme-			
⊘ mm)	plugged			0.5	0.6 (std.)	.6 0.7 .td.)		0.8			diate plates	
Release atio	1:6		1:4.26	1:3	1:1.95	1:1.5	56	1:0.79				
Additionally	all interm	ediate p	plates for	r paralle	l connec	 tion ac	c. to	D 7700-5		/Z ALW /Z BLW	With over-center valve for A or B and add. shuttle valve. For type coding, see coding /5 AL or /5 BL	

Additionally all intermediate plates for parallel connection acc. to D 7700-5 can be used.

# Characteristic data **4.** 4.1

Type coding	PSLF. PSVF and	SLF						
Design	Directional spool	valve for mani	fold mounting, up	to 12 spc	ol valves	s (size 3) or 10 spool valve		
Mounting	(size 5) may be combined in a valve bank by means of sub-plates, all-steel design							
Mounting	Indiv section			See in se	aimensi ect. 5 ++	onal drawings		
	Valve bank	M8	M10					
Installation position	Anv							
Ports	P = Pressi	ire inlet (pump)	1					
	R = Return	) 1	, ,					
	A, B = Consu	imer ports						
	U, W, X = Load-	signal outlet at	the indiv. spool val	ve sectior	1 Ting valve	at PSVE		
	Attent	tion: No pressu	ire input!	mp meter	ing vaive			
	M = Pressu	ure gauge conr	nection (pump side)					
	Z = Pilot p	ressure conne	ction (2040 bar in	let, 20 or	40 bar o	utlet)		
	Y = Load =	signal inlet por	ι t (end plate E 2 and	E 5)				
Port size	P, R, A, B =	Acc. to dime	ensional drawings (	see sect. {	5.1)			
	M, LS, Z, T, Y =	G 1/4 confor	rm. ISO 228/1 (BSF	PP)		- 0)		
Curferer eretine		= ACC. to dime	ensional drawings (	see sect. :				
Surface coaling	(Solenoid at actu	lation E and	additional functio	ns F1F	3, FP 1	FP 3, FPH 1FPH 3 ir		
	galvanized and ol	ive-green anoc	lized)					
Mass (weight) approx. (kg)	Size		( 50)/5	3	5			
	Inlet section	PSLF, PSVF	/, PSVF	3.8 )	3.3 )			
	Valve section	Actuation	A, E, F, H, P FA, PA	$4.4^{-2}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 6.6 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	<sup>1</sup> ) + 0.6 kg		
			FA, HA	4.7 <sup>2</sup> )	6.6 <sup>2</sup> )	at version with solenoid valve		
			FEA, HEA	5.1 <sup>2</sup> )	7.1 <sup>2</sup> )	WN 1 F(D), PAPD		
	Blanking plate	AX	0.9		acc. to table 8			
	Intermediate plate	e /Z ANBN			3.1	<sup>2</sup> ) + 0.4 kg at version with		
	Sub-plates	/3, /38, /4, /	5, /53, /533, /534,	22	4.3	functional cut-off		
		/3 AN BN.	, /3 AB	2.5		(coding F.,, FP.,, FPI acc, to table 16)		
		/5 SAE, /5 S	AE S, /5 SAE 8		9.2			
	End plates	F1. F2. F4	. F 5	0.8	1.8			
		E 3 and E 6		2.1	3.1			
		E 7, E 8, E 9	, E 10 5 SAF	2.0	2.9			
	Adapter plate	E I SAE E 3 SAE		5.0				
Due e e une fluiel	Lindrendia finid (D							
	Viscosity range: r Also suitable are (synth. Ester) at o fluids e.g. HFA or	nin. 4; max. 15 biodegradable operation temp	00 mm <sup>2</sup> /sec; Optir e pressure fluids of peratures up to +70 be used!	nal operation to be (Different to be (Di	tion rang HEPG (F G (e.g. ra	e: 10500 mm <sup>2</sup> /sec Polyalkylenglycol) and HEB ape seed oil) or water base		
Temperature	Ambient: approx40 +80°C; Fluid: -25 +80°C, pay attention to the viscosity range! Start temperature down to -40°C are allowable (Pay attention to the viscosity range during start!), as long as the operation temperature during consequent running is at least 20K (Kelvin) higher. Biodegradable pressure fluids: Pay attention to manufacturer's information. With regard to the compatibility with sealing materials do not exceed +70°C. <b>Observe restrictions for versions with ex-proof solenoid!</b>							
Rec. contamination class	ISO 4406 20/18/1	5						
Operating pressure	p <sub>max</sub> = 400 bar; Ports P, P1, A, B, LS, M, Y							
	The max. pressure achievable at the consumer side of the spool valves is lowered by the amount equivalent to the internal control pressure drop at the 3-way flow regulator of the PSLF (see curves) or at the pump flow regulator (PSVF). Return port $R(R1) \le 50$ bar; port T pressure less with separate pipe (e.g. 8x1) to the tank. It is recommended to employ end plate E 1, E 2, E 3, etc. with an additional leakage port, in case higher return pressure is anticipated. Port Z approx. 20 or 40 bar (acc. to coding, acc. to table 7 (outlet) < 40 bar (inlet)							
Control circuit	For control pres	sure, see Q-l t malfunctions	-characteristics. 1 caused by contami	he intern nation by	ial contr means c	rol oil circuit is sufficien of a disk filter.		
Flow	Acc. to the speci	Acc. to the specifications in table 14, in sect. 3.2.1						





Explosion-proof version of actuation E, EA, HE(A) Voltage specification G 24 EX, G 24 TEX

### Attention:

Additionally observe operating manuals B 01/2002 and B ATEX

Protect against direct sun light !

Not available in combination with other solenoids at the connection block (table 3a and 8), ancillary blocks (table 19), intermediate plates (table 22), end plates (table 11) and functional cut-off F.. (table 17).



Letter of conformity ATEX Ex-proof level

Duty cycle Protection class Nom. voltage U<sub>N</sub> Coil resistance R<sub>20</sub> Current, cold I<sub>20</sub> Lim. current I<sub>G</sub> Max. residual ripple of the Conditions of use: Ambient temperature Max. fluid temperature Fuse

Surface coating

Electrical design and testing Electrical connection Cable length

For connection scheme. see "Actuation E, EA" (standard version)

TÜV-A 02ATEX 0007 X

IP 67 (IEC 60529)

15% supply voltage

IEC 60127 medium

D-70565 Stuttgart)

IP 67 (IEC 60529)

15% supply voltage

IEC 60127 medium

Housing zinc galvanized

Coil and connection cavity are molded

-35 ... +40°C

24V DC

**26.6** Ω

0.88 A

0.63 A

+70°C

TÜV-A 02 ATEX 0007 X

II 2 G Ex mb II 120°C (T4) II 2 D Ex mbD 21 T120°C

Housing zinc galvanized

Coil and connection cavity are molded

-35 ... +40°C

4 x 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>

24V DC

26.6 Ω

0 88 A

0.63 A

+70°C

II 2 G Ex mb II 120°C (T4) II 2 D Ex mbD 21 T120°C

S 1, one coil energized per solenoid housing

 $I_{F}$  < 1.8 A each solenoid must be safe guarded against overload and short-cut by fuse conforming

conforming EN 60079-0, VDE 0170/0171 T1 and T9

3 m or 10 m (cable ÖLFLEX-440P ® Co. LAPP,

S 1, one coil energized per solenoid housing

 $I_{\rm F}$  < 1.8 A each solenoid must be safe guarded

against overload and short-cut by fuse conforming

conforming EN 60079-0, VDE 0170/0171 T1 and T9

Explosion-proof version of actuation E, EA, HE(A) Voltage specification G 24 EX 4, G 24 TEX 4

### Attention:

Additionally observe operating manuals B 01/2002 and B ATEX

Protect against direct sun light !

Not in to combination with functional cut-off F(FP).. (table 17) or all other solenoids mounted on connection blocks (table 3 a, 8), ancillary blocks (table 19), intermediate plates (table 22) and end plates (table 11)



Explosion-proof version of actuation E, EA, HE(A) Voltage specification G 24 TEX 70

#### Attention:

Additionally observe operating manuals B 09/2006 und B ATEX

Protect against direct sun light !

Not in to combination with functional cut-off F(FP).. (table 17) or all other solenoids mounted on connection blocks (table 3 a, 8), ancillary blocks (table 19), intermediate plates (table 22) and end plates (table 11)



Letter of conformity ATEX Ex-proof level

Duty cycle Protection class Nom. voltage U<sub>N</sub> Coil resistance R<sub>20</sub> Current, cold I<sub>20</sub> Lim. current  $\mathrm{I}_\mathrm{G}$ Max. residual ripple of the Conditions of use: Ambient temperature Max. fluid temperature Fuse

Surface coating

Electrical design and testing

Electrical connection

4 x 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> 3 m or 10 m (cable ÖLFLEX-440P ® Co. LAPP, Cable length

D-70565 Stuttgart) For connection scheme. see "Actuation E, EA" (standard version)

Letter of conformity IEC Letter of conformity ATEX Ex-proof level Duty cycle

Protection class Nom. voltage U<sub>N</sub> Coil resistance R<sub>20</sub> Lim. current I<sub>G</sub> Max. residual ripple of the Conditions of use: Ambient temperature Max. fluid temperature Fuse

Surface coating

Electrical design and testing

Electrical connection Cable length

IEC Ex IBE 09.0005 X IBExU07 ATEX 1089 X II 2 G Ex d IIB T4 II 2 D Ex tD A21 T135°C S 1, one coil energized per solenoid housing IP 67 (IEC 60529) 24V DC **80** Ω 0.24 A 15% supply voltage

-20 ... +70°C +70°C  $I_{\rm F}$  < 0.5 A each solenoid must be safe guarded against overload and short-cut by fuse conforming IEC 60127 medium Housing zinc galvanized Coil and connection cavity are molded conforming, EN 60079-0, VDE 0170/0171 T1 and Т9 4+1 x 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> 3 m or 10 m (cable ÖLFLEX-440P ® Co. LAPP, D-70565 Stuttgart)

For connection scheme. see "Actuation E, EA" (standard version)

Explosion-proof version of actuation E, EA (fire-damp protected (mining)) Voltage specification **G 24 MSHA** 

# Attention:

Additionally observe operating manuals B 05/2006 and B ATEX

Not available in combination with other solenoids at the connection block (table 3a and 8), ancillary blocks (table 19), intermediate plates (table 22), end plates (table 11) and functional cut-off F(FP) ... (table 17).

Exception: A combination with functional cut-off FP.. (table 17) together with intermediate plate 7709 090 is available.



MSHA-approval (USA) 18-NXA 05 0003-0 MA-approval (China) J2007101 Letter of conformity IEC IEC Ex IBE 09.0004 X Letter of conformity ATEX IBExU05 ATEX 1115 X Ex-proof level 🗟 I M2 Ex d I Duty cycle S 1, one coil energized per solenoid housing Protection class IP 67 (IEC 60529) 12V DC 24V DC Nom. voltage U<sub>N</sub> Coil resistance R<sub>20</sub> 6.3 Ω 26.6 Ω Lim. current I<sub>G</sub> 1.33 A 0.63 A Current. cold I20 1.9 A 0.9 A Conditions of use: Ambient temperature -20 ... +40°C Max. fluid temperature +70°C  $I = max. 3x I_{G_1}$  each solenoid must be safe guarded Fuse against overload and short-cut by fuse conforming IEC 60127-2 UL 248 Surface coating Housing zinc galvanized Coil and connection cavity are molded conforming EN 60079-0 (general requests), Electrical design and testing EN 60079-1 (pressure resistant encapsulation "d") Electrical connection 4 x 18 AWG (approx. 0.8 mm<sup>2</sup>) Cable length 3 m or 10 m BK, WH, RD, GN; Item-Nr. 40003, General Cable Leads

For connection scheme. see "Actuation E, EA" (standard version)

Explosion-proof version of actuation E, EA, HE(A) (fire-damp protected (mining)) Voltage specification **G 24 M2FP** 



Actuation H, HA, HEA, F, FA, FEA

Letter of conformity ATEX Letter of conformity ANZEx Electrical connection For additional information IBEx U05 ATEX 1115 X ANZEx 10.3019X 4 x 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup>, shielded connection line see coding G 24 MSHA

Control pressure approx. 5 bar (start of movement) approx. 18 bar (max. movement) max. perm. pressure 50 bar The remote control pipes to the control ports 1 and 2 must be externally piped.

Supply is via proportional pressure reducing valve e.g. type FB2/18 etc. or KFB2/18 (both acc. to D 6600)

Actuation P, PA	Control pressure approx. approx.	2.5 bar (start of movement); 7 bar (max. movement)					
Actuation suffix V, VA, VB, VC (only size 3)	The idle position of the Co. BURGESS type V 4 NS Switch engaged at idle pos Protection class Circuit-breaking capacity up to 30V DC Inductive load Cables	valve spool is monitored by a contact switch from S ® with lever AR 1 ition IP 67 (IEC 60529) = 5 A = 3 A 3 x 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> leads PVC coated; length; 50 mm black = inlet blue = NO-contact green = NC-contact					
	The switch is highly protected by a sheet cover against exterior physical damage						
Actuation suffix VCHO, VCHC (only size 3)	The idle position of the Co. BURGESS type V 4 N Switch engaged at idle pos Electr. connection Protection class Circuit-breaking capacity	valve spool is monitored by a contact switch from 4 Sk 2 ® with lever AR 1 ition via plug, e.g. type G 4 W 1 F ® Co. HIRSCHMANN, www.hirschmann.com, (not scope of delivery) IP 65 (IEC 60529)					
	up to 30V DC Inductive load	= 5 A = 3 A					



Electrical connection acc. to coding, acc. to table 10



Additional documentation	- Connection b coding Z, ZM	locks , V	<ul> <li>Connection b coding F, D</li> <li>End plates coding E 3, E</li> </ul>	olocks E 6	- Connection blocks coding PA, PB, PD	
weitere Dokumentation	D 7490/1 E (type EM)		D 7470 A/1 (t	ype WN 1, WH 1)		
Nom. voltage U <sub>N</sub>	24V DC	12V DC	24V DC	12V DC	24V DC	12V DC
Nom. power $P_{N}$	21 W	21 W	24.4 W	24.4 W	21 W	21 W
Nom. current $I_N$	0.63 A	1.2 A	1 A	2 A	0.63 A	1.26 A

Electr. connection

Circuitry	Circuitry	Circuitry	Circuitry
with coding -G 12, -G 24,	with coding -S 24	with coding -AMP 12 K 4	with coding
-X 12, -X 24	Plug Co. SCHLEMMER	-AMP 24 K 4	with PA, PB, PD
EN 175 301-803 A	Type SL-10	AMP Junior Timer	with coding -G12,-G
IP 65 (IEC 60529)	IP 67 (IEC 60529)	2-pin	-X 12, -X 24
		IP 65 (IEC 60529)	Slim design industrial





G24, Slim design industrial standard contact clearance 11 mm IP 65 (IEC 60529)



# 5.1 Size 3 All dimensions are in mm and are subject to change without notice!



 These O-rings are also available as complete seal kits, see also sect. 6.3.5 Inlet section: DS 7700-F 31 Valve section: DS 7700-F 32

# 5.1.2 Inlet section

Type PSLF(V) A../..-3 and PSVF A..-3









5.1.3



5.1.4 Individual valves with actuation type EA, E0A





Lever housing at EA and HA (FA) can be angled at  $180^\circ$ in the same manner as described at sect. 6.3.4



cable gland





2) This dimension depends on the manufacturer and can be up to 50 mm depending on the max. permissible size according to EN 175 301-803 A

# Type El





# Type FA









Type F





Ports conf. ISO 228/1 (BSPP) or (SAE-4, SAE J 514): 1 and 2 = G 1/8 or 7/16-20 UNF-2B

 This dimension depends on the manufacturer and can be up to 50 mm depending on the max. permissible size according to EN 175 301-803 A Plug may be installed rotated by 4x90°, with cable gland



Ports conf. ISO 228/1 (BSPP): 1 and 2 = G 1/8

approx. 70

H

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4 x socket head screw ISO 4762-M8x25 - 8.8-A2K, 23 Nm

# 5.1.8 Lift monitoring

Type ... N(1)

Type ... WA, U



Type ... V (VA, VB, VC)



Туре	h
V (VA, VB)	20.5
VC	27





Type WA-EX WA-M2 FP



Type H.WA



Port conf. ISO 288/1 (BSPP) 1 = G 1/4

# D 7700-F page 32 5.1.9 Valve sections with LS-pressure limitation, functional cut-off and prop. pressure limitation Туре В.. Type A.. 디그 12 23 Type A..B.. Œ <u>ר</u>|<u>-</u> 75 ᄓ С, 9.5 38. .5 Type C.. 디그 \_ гh Type F 1 up to A..B.. F 3 FP 1 up to A..B.. FP 3 FPH 1 up to A..B.. FPH 3 Pushbutton (manual emergency actuation) with type FPH.. Type S1 up to A..B..S1 68 47.5 35.5 53 approx. 57 approx. ß ŢŢĮ гh $\square$ Η $\square$ Ш Ш ПI Π



Ports conf. ISO 228/1 (BSPP): W, U = G 1/8

18.5

49

4.5

F

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30

24.5

12.25

# 5.1.10 Sub-plate

For inlet section Type /4 /UNF 4





/4 /UNF 4	G 3/4 1 1/16-12 UNF-2B			G 1/4 7/16-20 UNF-2B		
Coding		а	b	С	d	е
/3, /UNF 3		38	31		26	
/4, /UNF 4		42	29		26	
/38		69			42	
/3 X		38	31	50	26	57
/4 X	/4 X		29	50	26	57
/UNF 3 X		38	31		26	
/3 A, /3 E /3 A B /3 AN, /B /3 AN BN	s N I	38	31		26	
/UNF 3 AN /UNF 3 BN /UNF 3 AN	I I I BN	36	32		27	

Tapped ports conf. ISO 228/1 (BSPP) or SAE J 514

M, LS, Z, T

Port P, R

Coding

# For valve sections







<sup>1</sup>) Port A is omitted with /38

# Type /UNF 4 W





Tapped ports conf. ISO 228/1 (BSPP) or SAE J 514

Coding	А, В	W, U, X, MW, a, b
/3 /4	G 1/2 G 3/4	G 1/4
/UNF 3 /UNF 4	7/8-14 UNF-2B 1 1/16-12 UNF-2B	7/16-20 UNF-2B

# also sect. 5.1.10 Ancillary blocks sub-plates /U 3, /U 53

# Type /U 3



Type /3 /UNF 3

/4 /4 AN BN



Туре	Н	L	а	b	С	е	f	g	k	I	m
/3	25	84	23	23.5	25	60.5	8	25	12.5	35	13
/UNF 3	30	96	26.25	23.75	21.75	72.25	2	30	17	13.5	34.5
/4	30	105	27.25	25.25	20.75	79.75	2.5	30	16	12	36
/4 AN BN	30	105	27.25	25.25	20.75	79.75	2.5	30	16	12	36







Type /3 AS.. BS..

/3 AN.. BN.. /4 AS.. BS..

Ports A and B (all types)::

	ISO 228/1 (BSPP)	SAE J 514 (SAE-10)
/3, /31	G 1/2	
/UNF 3		7/8-14 UN-2B

/4	G 3/4	
Ports ISO 2	228/1 (BSPP) a and	b:

Ports ISU 2	228/1 (BSPP) a and	D:
/3, /4	G 1/4	

/0,/1	G I/ I	
/4 AN,	0.1/0	
/4 BN	G 1/8	







Туре	L	b	е	f
/31 AS BS	70	16.5	53.5	15
/31 AN BN	100	31.5	68.5	

Type /3 AL.. BL..



Ports A and B: /3.. = G 1/2 (ISO 228/1) (BSPP) /UNF 3.. = 7/8-14 UN-2B (SAE J 514, SAE-10)

Ports a and b: /3.. = G 1/8 (ISO 228/1) (BSPP)



Туре	Н	а	b	с	е	g
/3 VV(VX, XV)	50	25	20	23	80	50
/UNF 3 VV /UNF 3 VX /UNF 3 XV	55	27.5	22.5	21	78	55

Type /3 AL

Type /3 BL











# End plates of the valve bank

# Type E 1, E 2, E 4, E 5





10

50 44

16

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10



# Type E 7, E 8, E 9, E 10

M8, 10 deep



Ports conf. ISO 228/1 (BSPP): R = G 3/4 T and Y = G 1/4





iniel section.			valve s
Ports	Ød	O-ring <sup>1</sup> ) PUR 90 Sh	Ports
P, F(R)	16	17.12x2.62	P, R
R, L1, LS, T, Z	3.2	4.47x1.78	LS, T, U
			L1

Ports	Ød	O-ring <sup>1</sup> ) PUR 90 Sh
P, R	15.5	17.12x2.62
LS, T, U, W, X, Z	3.2	4.47x1.78
L1	3.2	7.65x1.78

 These O-rings are also available as complete seal kits, see also sect. 6.3.5 Inlet section: DS 7700-F 51 Valve section: DS 7700-F 52

# 5.2.2 Inlet section

Type PSLF(V) A../..-5 and PSVF A..-5



Socket head screw ISO 4762 M10x60-8.8-A2K Max. torque 40 Nm



Valve section acc. to sect. 5.2

D 7700-F page 40







Lever housing at EA and HA (FA) can be angled at  $180^{\circ}$  in the same manner as described at sect. 6.3.4

<sup>2</sup>) This dimension depends on the manufacturer and can be up to 50 mm depending on the max. permissible size according to EN 175 301-803 A.









5.2.7 Lift monitoring

Type WA, U

Type WA-EX WA-M2FP





5.2.8 Valve sections with LS-pressure limitation, functional cut-off and prop. pressure limitation





















В



Type /533, /534, /UNF 534 1)

\*) at /UNF 534

σ

46

10\*)

В

MB \*)

46\*)











1) Port A is omitted with /58

а

180

/6 D SAE (S)

Ports conf. ISO 228/1 (BSPP) or SAE J 514

Coding	Ports A, B	W, U, X, a, b
/5, /5 S, /58, 5 X	G 1	G 1/4
/53	G 1/2	
/533	G 1/2	
/UNF 5 X	1 5/16-12 UNF-2B	7/16-20 UNF-2B

#### Coding Ports А, В W, U, X, MA, MB /534 G 3/4 ---/UNF 534 1 1/16-12 UNF-2B 7/16-20 UNF-2B /5 SAE, /5 SAE S SAE 1" (6000 psi) G 1/4 /6 D SAE (9) SAE 1 1/4" (6000 psi) ---

# Type /6 D SAE, /6 SAE 5, /6 D SAE 9, /6 D SAE 9 S





22

b

25

22 25

с

# also sect.. 5.2.11 Ancillary blocks for sub-plate /U 5

/UNF 5 119.5 30.5

89

19.5

40.5

23







5.5

ca.74

130.5

ca.74

D 7700-F page 50

Type /5 AN.. /5 BN..



Port A and B (BSPP) /4.. = G 3/4 (ISO 228/1) /5.. = G 1 (ISO 228/1)



Type /5 AL..

Type /5 BL..

Type /4 ASN.. BSN..





Ports a and b (ISO 228/1) (BSPP): /5 AL.. = G 1/8 /5 BL.. = G 1/8

# also sect. 5.8 Ancillary blocks

# Type /54 DFA



Type /54 DFB



Type /54 DEA











Port A and B acc. to (ISO 228/1) (BSPP): /4.. = G 3/4 /5.. = G 1



Ports A and B: /5.. = G 1 (ISO 228/1) (BSPP) /UNF 5.. = 1 5/16-12 UN-2B (SAE-16)





Type /Z 30



# End plates of the valve bank

Type E 1, E 2, E 4, E 5





Ports conf. ISO 228/1 (BSPP): T and Y = G 1/4

Port Y plugged with E 1 SAE Port T plugged with E 5 SAE Port T and Y plugged with E 2 SAE and E 4 SAE



# 6. Appendix

# 6.1 Notes for selection and lay-out

# a) Connection block

There are, apart from the standard versions acc. to sect. 3.1.1 and 3.1.2. additional damping variations for the LS-signal type PSV (coding S or B) duct listed in tables 2 or 4. These are required, if strong (load-) oscillations are externally induced on the control circuit. A general rule concerning the use of one or other variation can however not given.

# Coding G

This version lacks the sequence valve at the damping element which is apparent at the standard version to enable quick depressurization down to the pre-load pressure during idle position of the valve spool. This results in a stronger damping effect than with the standard version, as all fluid from the spring cavity of the 3-way flow controller must pass the thread type throttle. Main application is with consumers prone to low frequent oscillations - drawback is the delayed depressurization down to the pre-load pressure during idle position of the valve spool (pro-longed run-down).

# Coding H

If on account of the required consumer velocity at least one spool valve with reference coding A 5 (raised circulation pressure) is utilized, then, in order to maintain the necessary pressure difference between 2- and 3-way flow controller, the circulation pressure of the 3-way flow controller must be raised to approx. 14 bar. This means, of course, greater power dissipation.

# Coding Z, ZM, V and PA, PB, PD (acc. to table 8)

When using these valves for an emergency stop function, it has to be taken into account that there will be a certain min. residual pressure during pushing load while a valve spool is elevated!

Dampening screw acc. to table 2 and 5	Residual pressure at load induced pressure of	
Coding	250 bar	350 bar
S, G, W, B B 4	125 60	150 70
B 5	75	80
B 6	85	95
B 7	100	120

Viscosity  $\leq 60 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$ 

# b) Spool valve sections

Coding A 1 (example SLF 5-A 1 L 120/63...)

On the one hand, there is a higher consumer flow with directional spool valves without an inflow controller (coding A 1) in comparison with one having a 2-way flow controller (coding A 2, A 5), as the flow is then directly dependent on the control pressure of either the connection block's 3-way flow controller (approx. 10 bar) in type PSLF, or the metering valve of a variable displacement pump (approx. 14 to 20 bar), in type PSVF. On the other hand, the load-independence is lost, if several consumers are actuated simultaneously, because the consumer with the highest load pressure rules the pressure level of the LS-signal given to the 3-way flow controller and so defines the available oil flow in the system.

When another valve with lower pressure is actuated now, the flow can only be regulated by throttling, which means if the highest load pressure varies, the spool elevation (= throttling) of the second consumer has to be reset to maintain a constant delivery flow to the consumer. This consumer flow can be calculated approx. by ( $Q_{A, B}$  = expected consumer flow,  $Q_{nom}$  = rated consumer flow for a valve with inflow controller coding A 2,  $\Delta p_{controller}$  = pressure difference at the flow controller of the connection block or pump).  $Q_{A, B} \approx Q_{nom} = \sqrt{0.2 \cdot \Delta p_{controller}}$ 

# Coding A 2 (example SLF 5-A 2 0 63/80)

The standard version of the spool valve comes with load compensation. Due to the control pressure of the inflow controller (approx. 6 bar), it regulates a constant flow related only to the spool elevation, making its delivery independent of other consumers or system pressure Q  $\approx \sqrt{\Delta p_{controller} \cdot A_{valve spool}}$ 

# Coding A 26 and A 56 (example SLF A-326 J 40/25...)

Symptoms of resonance (audible knocking of the 2-way flow controllers) can be sometimes caused if pulsating consumers e.g. radial or axial piston motors with a low number of pistons) are connected.

This is prevented by use of a restrictor check valve combination which delays the closing of the inflow controller. This doesn't harm the characteristic of the functional cut-off or the pressure limiting valves.

# Coding A 5 (example SLF 5-A 5 J 160/160)

This version has an increased control pressure enabling higher consumer flows (see also above coding A 1 and A 2). The pressure of the flow controller is 10 bar resulting in a 1.3 higher flow compared to the standard version (coding A 2).

# Coding A 7 (example SLF 5-A 7 H 160/160)

Like coding A 5, due to the necessary pressure drop only in combination variable displacement pump / constant pressure system i.e. basically type PSVF.

# Coding A 8 (example SLF 3-A 8 L 80/63...)

To ensure max. flow for all subsequent valve sections, the highest flow rating (80/... or 160/...) must be selected for the A side (continuation of P).

# Coding AR 2, AR 5 and AR 7

The flow controller acts additionally like a check valve. Thus preventing a reversal of the flow direction in case of starving pump delivery.

# Coding AA 9 (example SLF 5-AA 9 H 160/160)

Like coding A 5. This version has an increased control pressure enabling higher consumer flows. Only suited for variable displacement pump / constant presusre systems i.e. only suited for PSVF.

The valve body is optimized for higher flow i.e. this controller cannot be used with standard valve bodies.

# c) Flow-pattern variations Flow pattern symbol J, B, R, O and I, Y, Z, V

Oscillations may occur depending on application during start (e.g. winches) or during normal operation (e.g. crane booms). They can be caused by the natural frequency of the hydraulic motors or external load variations e.g. swinging load. The flow coding (table 15) of the respective spool should correspond to the cylinder ratio as far as possible.

Symbols	Description	Application
J, B, R, O	Creation of a back pressure of approx. 20 bar at 1/3 spool lift and more.	When combined with over-center valves e.g. for boom controls
I, Y, Z, V	Creation of a back pres- sure of approx. 100 bar for up to 1/3 spool lift	Hydraulic motors (be- cause of pressure rise due to area ratio 1:1), e.g. with cabin slewing





Available versions:

SLF 3 - I 6/6 I 10/10 I 16/16	SLF 3 - Y 45/45 Y 60/60	SLF 5 - I 25/25 I 120/120 I 140/140
I 25/25 I 30/30	SLF 3 - Z 25/25 Z 45/45	l 160/160
I 40/40 I 63/63	Z 60/60	SLF 5 - Y 150/150
I 80/80		SLF 5 - Z 80/80
SLF 3 - V 6/6 V 10/10 V 16/16 V 25/25 V 40/40 V 63/63 V 80/80		SLF 5 - V 25/25 V 120/120 V 140/140

# Flow pattern symbol W

This 4/2-way directional spool valve is intended for applications where a constant velocity is required e.g. blower or generator drives. The ability of prop. speed control is restricted, but load independency is ensured via the inflow controller (table 13).

# Flow pattern symbol X

This 2/2-way directional spool valve is intended for hydraulic motors (e.g. fan drives) and features maximum speed in idle position. The speed can be reduced proportionally down to dead-halt by energizing the side "b". The load-independence is provided when combined with an inflow controller (table 13).

# Symbols



Available versi SLF 3-W 50/50 SLF 5-W 120/ <sup>-</sup>	ons: 0 120	
Coding acc. to table 13	Q <sub>max A, B</sub> (lpm)	
2 (1) 5	50 (67) 67	120 (150) 150
SLF 3-X 80 Coding acc. to table 13	Q <sub>max A,</sub> (Ipm)	В
2 (1)	80 (107) 107	

# Flow pattern symbol P, A, T, Q, K (only size 3)

These spools show positive overlap. Type P overlaps in both switching directions, i.e. during elevation of the spool the connection  $P \rightarrow A(B)$  is opened before of connection  $B(A) \rightarrow R$ . This results in an undesired pressure intensification at cylinders (area ration  $\neq$  1), therefore we recommend type A, T, Q or K as these have a one-sided overlapping only. They are intended for consumers such as hydro-motors / double acting cylinders (area ratio 1:1) with righting moments / -forces, as well as at cylinders with drawing loads (area ratio  $\neq$  1). A short-term preloading prevents "lowering jolts" and "running empty". These valve spools can substitute load-holding valves to a limited extent. It should be taken into account, that a short-term working against the max. system pressure takes place.

The flow coding for A should be selected higher than for B with spool codings A and T to prevent unintended pressure intensifications (for spool codings Q and K  $Q_{nom A} < Q_{nom B}$ )

Symbols

Р	Α	т	Q	к
	X + + + + +			

Cylinder area ratio	Valve spool coding		
A <sub>piston</sub> /A <sub>rod</sub>	Piston side		Example
= 1		P	P 40/40
≠ 1	connection A	Α, Τ	T 25/16
	connection B	Q, K	Q 40/63

# Flow pattern symbol G

3/3-way directional spool valve for single acting cylinders Restrictions:

- there is no load signal triggered via the LS-line
- Therefore only usable at open center systems (type PSLF) and electric actuation with restrictions – idle pump circulation pressure approx. 11 bar
- The flow while lowering is only throttled (no flow control functionality) and therefore load-dependent. It is therefore necessary (safety!) to limit the drop rate by a drop rate braking valve e.g. type SB acc. to D 6920
- Available version to symbol G  $(Q_A = Q_B)$ SLF 3 - G 3/3 ... G 80/40 SLF 5 - G 160/160



# d) Variations for special operation conditions or -requirements Operation at potentially explosive areas

Electro-hydraulic actuation (type E or EA) version G 24 EX..., see sect. 3.1.4 table 10 and sect. 4.3

# Monitoring of the spool elevation (safety- / switching function)

With contact- or proximity switch for monitoring the idle position of the valve spool (suffix to the types A, C, EA, HA, HEA, PA acc. to sect. 3.2.1 tables 20 and 21 and sect. 4.3)

# Maritime ambient climate

The aggressive sea atmosphere requires sufficient corrosion protection of all moving part of the actuations with hand lever. The actuation shaft in the hand lever housing is therefore made of stainless steel as standard. All other parts are either corrosion inhibiting gas nitrided or made of stainless steel.

Exception: Housing of pneumatic actuation P or PA which is made of anodized light alloy.

# Pressure surges in the return line

Minor leakage may appear at the spring domes of actuations type AS, CS, E, EAS and E0AS when excessive pressure peaks (>150 bar) do occur in the return line. This can be prevented by use of enforcement flanges (suffix **G** acc. to table 21 in sect. 3.2.1).

**Note:** The perm. pressure in the return line is limited to approx. 50 bar (see sect. 4.1). The functionality of the actuation solenoids could be harmed in case of excessive pressure.

# e) Use of variable displacement pumps

With Load-sensing controls in alliance with variable displacement pumps, the LS-signal duct for the pump pressure-flow controller (Load-Sensing metering valve) is relieved, to minimize circulation losses during idle position (no consumer flow ). This limiting takes place via the proportional spool valves. Without this decompression the pump would have to work during no-lift position with all the remaining flow against the pressure set at the safety valve of the pressure regulator.

As there exist spool valves without this limiting possibility, some brands of pressure-flow controllers have a internal bypass orifice or throttle between LS-signal entrance and decompressed leakage outlet.

In case of the prop. spool valves type PSVF this is not necessary and can even cause malfunctions due to lost control oil. The control oil flow is for functional reasons consciously limited (approx. 2 lpm) (slow-motion of the consumer).

**Note:** Care must therefore be taken, to ensure that a possible bypass orifice in the pressure-flow regulator is plugged!

# f) Combination with load-holding valves

It can happen due to exterior variations of load and resonance that the control system starts to oscillate, if three regulation devices, the 3-way flow controller in the pump or the connection block, the 2-way flow controller at the spool valve section plus load holding insert are connected in series. This can be effectively suppressed by systematic use of a bypass orifice and throttle-, check-, pre-load valve combination within the control oil circuit at the load-holding valve type LHDV acc. to D 7770. A similar behavior can be achieved with use of the over-center valves type LHT acc. to D 7918.

# g) Combination of more than 12 spool valves

Through the consecutive connection of the LS-signal duct, a total of max. 12 spool valves can be linked. Whether the spool valves are arranged in one or more valve banks is irrelevant. This restriction results from the only limited available oil flow (ensuring slow-motion movements). If more than 12 spool valves in separated directional spool valve banks are to be coupled via the LS-signal, a chaining via external shuttle valves is to be used.

i) Indications of actuation HEA

The following notes to the connection of the valve bank have to be observed to ensure a flawless function of the electric and hydraulic actuation.

# Combination with hydraulic control devices similar (circuitry acc. to example 1)

# Examples 1



# Combination with common hydraulic joy-sticks or hydraulic control devices type FB and KFB acc. to D 6600 and D 6600-01 (circuitry acc. to example 2)

The pressure reducing valves integrated in the joy-sticks open the consumer line to the tank during idle position. The control oil flow would escape via this bypass when a valve is simultaneously solenoid actuated. Therefore it is a must to provide check valves for the control lines at this kind of circuitry. The same applies to hydraulic actuations. The used throttles however limit the bypass leakage. The control oil supply must be dimensioned so that this leakage can be compensated (> 0.7 lpm per actuated valve section plus the internal leakage of the hydraulic joy-stick).

# Examples 2



For electro-hydraulic actuations 1. Plugs MSD 3-309 standa

- standard, belongs to the scope of delivery Plug with LED's for functional SVS 296107 cut-off acc. to sect. 3.2 table 17 (for more details, see D 7163) 2. Electric amplifier EV 22 K2-12(24) acc. to D 7817/1 One board can control two directional valves. 3. Electric amplifier EV 1 M2 acc. to D 7831/1 EV 1 D acc. to D 7831 D A remote control potentiometer with direction switches is required additionally (see detailed information in D 7831/1 sect. 5.2). 4. Logic valve control type PLVC acc. to D 7845 ++
- Logic valve control type PLVC acc. to D 7845 ++
   Joy-stick type EJ 1, EJ 2 and EJ 3 acc. to D 7844
- 6. Radio controls are accepted, if they fulfill the requirements of SK 7814.
  - (Approved brands:
  - Co. HBC-ELEKTRONIK in D-74564 Crailsheim,
  - Co. HETRONIK Steuer-Systeme in D-84085 Langquaid,
  - Co. NBB-Nachrichtentechnik in D-75248 Ölbronn-Dürrn,
  - Co. SCANRECO Industrieelektronik AB, Box 19144,
  - S-5227 Södertälje)

# Load-holding valves

Load-holding valves type LHT acc. to D 7918 or type LHDV acc. to D 7770 and note sect. 6.1 f, type LHK acc. to D 7100 only with "very stiff" systems and directional spool valves without inflow controller (coding 1 acc. to table 15, sect. 3.2.1)

# Other valves

Proportional spool valve type PSL(V) size 2 acc. to D 7700-2 (can be combined via intermediate plate ZPL 32 with size 3) Proportional spool valve type PSL(V) size 3 acc. to D 7700-3 (can be combined via intermediate plate ZPL 32 with size 2 or via intermediate plate ZPL 53 with size 5)

Proportional spool valve type PSL(V) size 5 acc. to D 7700-5 (can be combined via intermediate plate ZPL 53 with size 3 and via intermediate plate ZPL 52 with size 2)

Proportional pressure reducing valve type PMZ acc. to D 7625 Hydraulic joy-stick type KFB01 acc. to D 6600-01



# 6.2 Example circuit

Control system with PSVF, and variable displacement pump



# 6.3 Notes regarding assembly, installation and conversion

All installation, set-up, maintenance and repairs must be performed by authorized and trained staff.

The use of this product beyond the specified performance limits, use of non specified fluids and/or use of not genuine spares will cause the expiration of the guarantee.

# 6.3.1 Mounting

The mounting of the valve bank must be performed in such a way that no stress is induced.

Three screws and elastic washers between valve assembly and frame are recommended for fastening.

# 6.3.2 Piping

All fittings used must utilize deformable seal materials. Do not exceed the specified torque!

- 6.3.3 Notes for converting the inlet section type PSL(V)F A../..-5 The inlet section type PSLF A../..-5 can be converted any time into a connection block for variable displacement pump systems (correct type now PSVF AS../..-5) and vice versa. This requires replacing the parts listed below.
  - Attention: The screw (part No. 6380 013) (10) or carburetor jet M4x0.6 are secured with liquid screw lock, which must be applied again during reinstallation of these parts.

When converting type PSVF..-5 into PSLF..-5 an additional damping screw S (part No. 7778 301) <sup>(1)</sup> is required.



# 6.3.4 Notes on changing the spool

The valve spools are not mated to one spool housing. Therefore valve spools can be changed at any time to adapt to changing consumer consumption.

The following routine is to be followed particularly:





# Advice on changing the valve spool

- 1. Slacken screws ① (ISO 4762-M5x8-8.8-A2K), remove spring cover
- 2. Remove screw <sup>(2)</sup> (M 6x40, machined flat head screw drawing No. 7709 042)
- 3. Remove spring assembly including spring cap  $\circledast$
- 4. Slacken screws ④ (ISO 4762-M5x50-8.8-A2K)
- 5. Lift lever housing including spool out of spool housing, drawing 66
- 6. Remove circlip DIN 6799 3,2 and remove bolt ⑦ (9)
- 7. Assemble with (new) spool in reverse sequence

Attention: The control grooves of the valve spool should always be installed towards the end plate! Exception: Valve spools with flow coding 80 (size 3) and 160 (size 5) do not show control grooves.

# Indications for angling the lever housing by 180° (inversion of the shifting mode)

As set out in 1. - 7. above, however instead of a new valve spool the existing one has to be disconnected, angled at  $180^{\circ}$  and remounted (see above mentioned note). The intermediate plate ( ) together with the lever housing, have to be angled at  $180^{\circ}$ .

All lever housings of the valve bank have to be rotated!

# 6.3.5 Seal kits

	Size 3	Size 5
Inlet section Valve section Sub-plate	DS 7700-F 31 DS 7700-F 32 DS 7700-F 34	DS 7700-F 51 DS 7700-F 52 DS 7700-F 54